

Exercice 45 page 252

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Maths TS obligatoire



énoncé

Résoudre dans \mathbb{C} les équations suivantes.

On donnera les solutions sous forme algébrique.

1 $(1 + i)z = 1 - i.$

2 $\frac{z+1}{z-1} = 2i.$

3 $(2z + 1 - i)(iz + 3) = 0.$

4 $\frac{iz+1}{z-3i} = 2+i$

correction

1

$$(1 + i)z = 1 - i$$

correction

1

$$(1 + i)z = 1 - i \Leftrightarrow z = \frac{1 - i}{1 + i}$$

correction

1

$$\begin{aligned}(1+i)z = 1-i &\Leftrightarrow z = \frac{1-i}{1+i} \\&\Leftrightarrow z = \frac{(1-i)(1-i)}{(1+i)(1-i)}\end{aligned}$$

correction

1

$$\begin{aligned}(1+i)z = 1-i &\Leftrightarrow z = \frac{1-i}{1+i} \\&\Leftrightarrow z = \frac{(1-i)(1-i)}{(1+i)(1-i)} \\&\Leftrightarrow z = \frac{1-2i+i^2}{1^2+1^2}\end{aligned}$$

correction

1

$$\begin{aligned}(1+i)z = 1-i &\Leftrightarrow z = \frac{1-i}{1+i} \\&\Leftrightarrow z = \frac{(1-i)(1-i)}{(1+i)(1-i)} \\&\Leftrightarrow z = \frac{1-2i+i^2}{1^2+1^2} \\&\Leftrightarrow z = \frac{1-2i-1}{2}\end{aligned}$$

correction

1

$$\begin{aligned}(1+i)z = 1-i &\Leftrightarrow z = \frac{1-i}{1+i} \\&\Leftrightarrow z = \frac{(1-i)(1-i)}{(1+i)(1-i)} \\&\Leftrightarrow z = \frac{1-2i+i^2}{1^2+1^2} \\&\Leftrightarrow z = \frac{1-2i-1}{2} \\&\Leftrightarrow z = -i\end{aligned}$$

correction

1

$$\begin{aligned}(1+i)z = 1-i &\Leftrightarrow z = \frac{1-i}{1+i} \\&\Leftrightarrow z = \frac{(1-i)(1-i)}{(1+i)(1-i)} \\&\Leftrightarrow z = \frac{1-2i+i^2}{1^2+1^2} \\&\Leftrightarrow z = \frac{1-2i-1}{2} \\&\Leftrightarrow z = -i\end{aligned}$$

Les solutions de l'équation sont :

$$S = \{-i\}$$

correction

2

$$\frac{z+1}{z-1} = 2i$$

correction

2

$$\frac{z+1}{z-1} = 2i \Leftrightarrow (z+1 = 2i(z-1) \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1)$$

correction

2

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{z+1}{z-1} = 2i &\Leftrightarrow (z+1 = 2i(z-1) \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1) \\ &\Leftrightarrow (z+1 = 2iz - 2i \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1)\end{aligned}$$

correction

2

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{z+1}{z-1} = 2i &\Leftrightarrow (z+1 = 2i(z-1) \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1) \\ &\Leftrightarrow (z+1 = 2iz - 2i \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1) \\ &\Leftrightarrow ((1-2i)z = -1-2i \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1)\end{aligned}$$

correction

2

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{z+1}{z-1} = 2i &\Leftrightarrow (z+1 = 2i(z-1) \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1) \\ &\Leftrightarrow (z+1 = 2iz - 2i \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1) \\ &\Leftrightarrow ((1-2i)z = -1-2i \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1-2i}{1-2i} \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right)\end{aligned}$$

correction

2

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{z+1}{z-1} = 2i &\Leftrightarrow (z+1 = 2i(z-1) \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1) \\ &\Leftrightarrow (z+1 = 2iz - 2i \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1) \\ &\Leftrightarrow ((1-2i)z = -1-2i \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1-2i}{1-2i} \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{(-1-2i)(1+2i)}{(1-2i)(1+2i)} \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right)\end{aligned}$$

correction

2

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{z+1}{z-1} = 2i &\Leftrightarrow \left(z+1 = 2i(z-1) \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(z+1 = 2iz - 2i \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left((1-2i)z = -1-2i \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1-2i}{1-2i} \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{(-1-2i)(1+2i)}{(1-2i)(1+2i)} \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1-4i-4i^2}{1^2+2^2} \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right)\end{aligned}$$

correction

2

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{z+1}{z-1} = 2i &\Leftrightarrow \left(z+1 = 2i(z-1) \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z+1 = 2iz - 2i \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left((1-2i)z = -1-2i \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1-2i}{1-2i} \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{(-1-2i)(1+2i)}{(1-2i)(1+2i)} \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1-4i-4i^2}{1^2+2^2} \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1-4i+4}{5} \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right)\end{aligned}$$

correction

2

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{z+1}{z-1} = 2i &\Leftrightarrow \left(z+1 = 2i(z-1) \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z+1 = 2iz - 2i \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left((1-2i)z = -1-2i \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1-2i}{1-2i} \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{(-1-2i)(1+2i)}{(1-2i)(1+2i)} \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1-4i-4i^2}{1^2+2^2} \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1-4i+4}{5} \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{3-4i}{5} \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right)\end{aligned}$$

correction

2

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{z+1}{z-1} = 2i &\Leftrightarrow \left(z+1 = 2i(z-1) \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z+1 = 2iz - 2i \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left((1-2i)z = -1-2i \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1-2i}{1-2i} \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{(-1-2i)(1+2i)}{(1-2i)(1+2i)} \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1-4i-4i^2}{1^2+2^2} \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1-4i+4}{5} \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{3-4i}{5} \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 1 \right)\end{aligned}$$

Les solutions de l'équation sont :

$$S = \left\{ \frac{3}{5} - \frac{4}{5}i \right\}$$

correction

3

$$(2z + 1 - i)(iz + 3) = 0$$

correction

3

$$(2z + 1 - i)(iz + 3) = 0 \Leftrightarrow (2z + 1 - i = 0 \quad ou \quad iz + 3 = 0)$$

correction

3

$$\begin{aligned}(2z + 1 - i)(iz + 3) = 0 &\Leftrightarrow \left(2z + 1 - i = 0 \quad ou \quad iz + 3 = 0\right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1+i}{2} \quad ou \quad z = \frac{-3}{i}\right)\end{aligned}$$

correction

3

$$\begin{aligned}(2z + 1 - i)(iz + 3) = 0 &\Leftrightarrow \left(2z + 1 - i = 0 \quad ou \quad iz + 3 = 0\right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1+i}{2} \quad ou \quad z = \frac{-3}{i}\right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1+i}{2} \quad ou \quad z = \frac{3i^2}{i}\right)\end{aligned}$$

correction

3

$$\begin{aligned}(2z + 1 - i)(iz + 3) = 0 &\Leftrightarrow \left(2z + 1 - i = 0 \quad ou \quad iz + 3 = 0\right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1+i}{2} \quad ou \quad z = \frac{-3}{i}\right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1+i}{2} \quad ou \quad z = \frac{3i^2}{i}\right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i \quad ou \quad z = 3i\right)\end{aligned}$$

correction

3

$$\begin{aligned}(2z + 1 - i)(iz + 3) = 0 &\Leftrightarrow \left(2z + 1 - i = 0 \quad ou \quad iz + 3 = 0\right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1+i}{2} \quad ou \quad z = \frac{-3}{i}\right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1+i}{2} \quad ou \quad z = \frac{3i^2}{i}\right) \\&\Leftrightarrow \left(z = \frac{-1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i \quad ou \quad z = 3i\right)\end{aligned}$$

Les solutions de l'équation sont :

$$S = \left\{ \frac{-1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i ; 3i \right\}$$

correction

4

$$\frac{iz + 1}{z - 3i} = 2 + i$$

correction

4

$$\frac{iz+1}{z-3i} = 2+i \Leftrightarrow (iz+1 = (2+i)(z-3i) \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 3i)$$

correction

4

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{iz+1}{z-3i} = 2+i &\Leftrightarrow \left(iz + 1 = (2+i)(z - 3i) \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 3i \right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(iz + 1 = 2z - 6i + iz - 3i^2 \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 3i \right)\end{aligned}$$

correction

4

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{iz+1}{z-3i} = 2+i &\Leftrightarrow \left(iz + 1 = (2+i)(z - 3i) \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 3i \right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(iz + 1 = 2z - 6i + iz - 3i^2 \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 3i \right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(1 = 2z - 6i + 3 \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 3i \right)\end{aligned}$$

correction

4

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{iz+1}{z-3i} = 2+i &\Leftrightarrow \left(iz + 1 = (2+i)(z - 3i) \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 3i \right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(iz + 1 = 2z - 6i + iz - 3i^2 \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 3i \right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(1 = 2z - 6i + 3 \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 3i \right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(2z = -2 + 6i \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 3i \right)\end{aligned}$$

correction

4

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{iz+1}{z-3i} = 2+i &\Leftrightarrow \left(iz + 1 = (2+i)(z - 3i) \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 3i \right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(iz + 1 = 2z - 6i + iz - 3i^2 \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 3i \right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(1 = 2z - 6i + 3 \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 3i \right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(2z = -2 + 6i \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 3i \right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(z = -1 + 3i \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 3i \right)\end{aligned}$$

correction

4

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{iz+1}{z-3i} = 2+i &\Leftrightarrow \left(iz + 1 = (2+i)(z - 3i) \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 3i \right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(iz + 1 = 2z - 6i + iz - 3i^2 \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 3i \right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(1 = 2z - 6i + 3 \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 3i \right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(2z = -2 + 6i \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 3i \right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \left(z = -1 + 3i \quad \text{et} \quad z \neq 3i \right)\end{aligned}$$

Les solutions de l'équation sont :

$$S = \{-1 + 3i\}$$